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What customers expect from flour millers

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Key Points

- □ Is the customer your number 1 priority?
- Good Communications
- Consistency of product, delivery, sales, accounting practices is key.

Is the customer your number 1 priority?

- If the answer is yes, that is a start in the right direction.
- ☐ If the answer is no, the consequences can be damaging to your company's reputation, therefore sales, therefore profits etc.
- The customer may not always be right but they should always be number one priority!

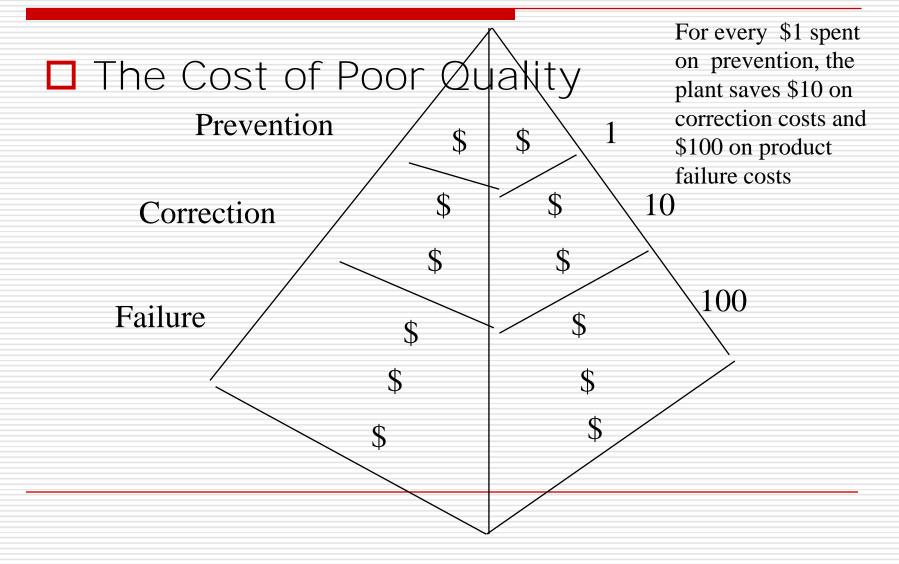
Good communications - Key to successful relationships with customers

- Open dialogue
- No surprises especially on quality issues and delivery times
- □ Transparency on pricing and costs
- □ If there is a problem tell the customer before its too late!

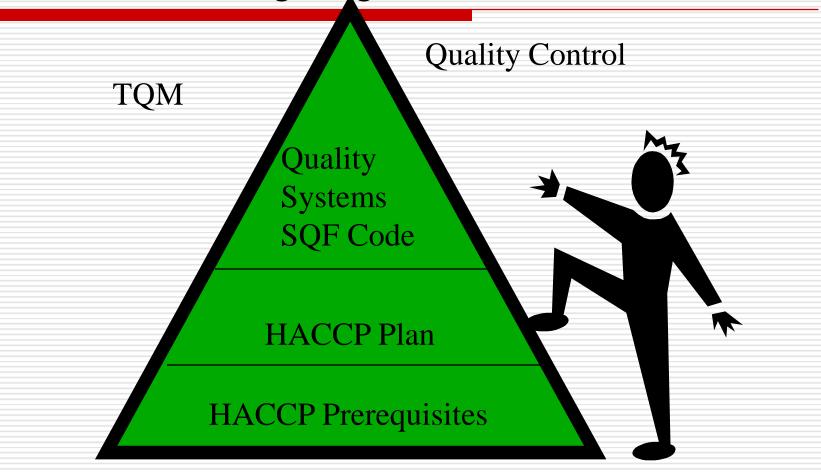
Consistency is the key -Product Quality Requirements

- A strong Quality Assurance System to be in place
- Strong Wheat (Raw Material) Quality Control System Challenge.
- ☐ Good Milling Practices

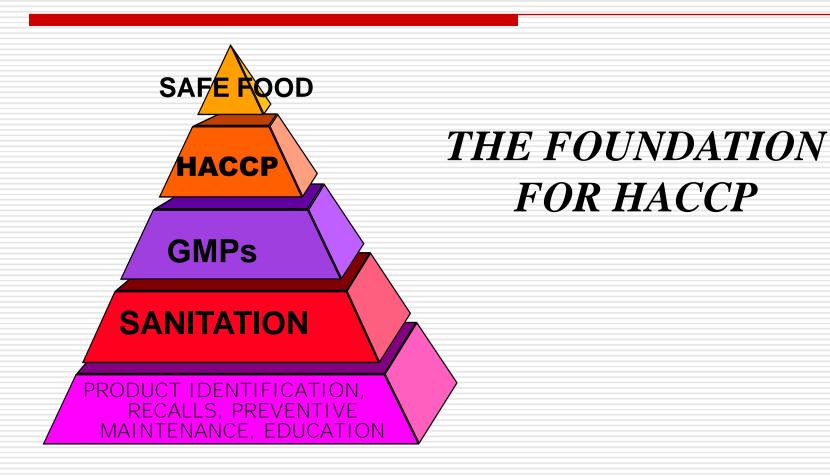
1-10-100 Rule - The cost of poor quality



Food Quality Systems



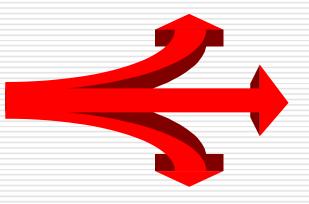
FOOD SAFETY PYRAMID



ISO 2000

A quality management system aimed primarily at preventing any nonconforming product during production and distribution.

SAY WHAT YOU DO. DO WHAT YOU SAY PROVE IT



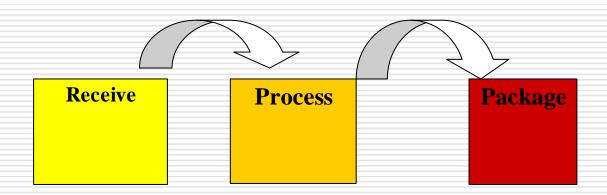
TOM

- Total Quality Management
- Process of change and improvement in everything the company does.



What is HACCP?

- Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points
- A systematic approach to controlling food safety during the manufacture of food products



3 Hazards – Biological, Chemical and Physical

HACCP APPROACH

- Assemble team
- Describe food & its distribution
- Intended use & consumers
- Develop flow chart
- Confirm flow chart
- Apply HACCP seven principles

HACCP PREREQUISITES

- ☐ GMP's
- Sanitation
- Product identification
- □ Tracking & recalls
- Preventive maintenance
- Education & training

Quality Control – HACCP Prerequisite

□ Involves activities and operational techniques that are used to verify and "control" the fulfillment of quality requirements

HACCP Principles

- 1. Conduct a hazard analysis
- 2. Identify critical control points
- 3. Establish critical limits
- 4. Establish CCP monitoring requirements
- 5. Establish corrective actions
- 6. Establish verification procedures
- 7. Establish recordkeeping procedures

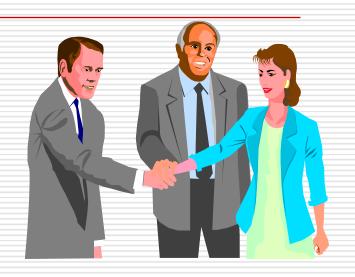
HACCP is a continuous product quality and food safety system

HACCP TEAM

- Quality Control
- Production
- Warehousing
- Receiving
- Purchasing
- Engineering
- Shipping
- Labor

HACCP TEAM

- Team leader
- Commitment to educating the team
- Outside consultant? If they act as a facilitator
- Make sure the team understands HACCP & their role in the R & D process



Quality Assurance

☐ The system of activities that take place to "assure" the degree of conformance to specifications all through the activities that impact the quality of a product

HACCP principles can improve product quality

- HACCP system and principles use a continuous loop methodology
- Should be applied to both food safety and product quality (functionality)

Specific issues related to Flour Quality and Customer Satisfaction

- Strong Wheat Quality Control System
 - Proper testing on intake for Moisture,
 Protein, Falling number, Test weight and foreign material
 - Segregation system based on grade, type and protein content
 - Good blending system to reduce raw material variation to a minimum and optimize extraction rate with flour quality

Specific issues related to Flour Quality and Customer Satisfaction

- Strong Mill Control System
 - Wheat cleaning, tempering systems
 - Consistent grinding, break releases, roll settings,
 - Consistent sifting and purification settings
 - Feeder control
 - Flour blending system
 - Preventive Maintenance